SAFETY DATA SHEET

Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

Product code : EU149473, EU1493785, EU396473, EU3963785, EU208473, EU2083785

Product description : Waterbase decorative paint.

Product type : Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

: Waterborne paint. **Product use**

Area of application : Professional applications.

Architectural decorative finish for commercial and residential use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier/Manufacturer

Modern Masters Inc. 9380 San Fernando Rd. Sun Valley, CA 91352

USA

Tel: 818-683-0201 Fax: 818-683-0202

Importer

Pentol Productos, S.L. Polígono Molí d'en Xec, Nave 1 08291 Ripollet (Barcelona) Tel. +34 933 576 500 Fax: 93 407 12 44 info@pentol.es

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: henrylum@modernmasters.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : United States 800-942-3166 818-683-0201 (8am - 4pm PST)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : N; R50/53

Environmental hazards : Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements



Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard symbol or symbols



Indication of danger

: Dangerous for the environment

Risk phrases

: R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases

: S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

Hazardous ingredients

: Not applicable.

Supplemental label

: Contains 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate. May produce an allergic reaction.

elements

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not: Not available.

result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

			Classification		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
iron	EC: 231-096-4 CAS: 7439-89-6	50-75	N; R50	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]
copper	EC: 231-159-6 CAS: 7440-50-8	<25	N; R50	STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1] [2]
triiron tetraoxide	EC: 215-277-5 CAS: 1317-61-9	1-5	Not classified.	Not classified.	[2]
Silicate, mica	CAS: 12001-26-2	1-5	Not classified.	Not classified.	[2]
propane-1,2-diol	EC: 200-338-0 CAS: 57-55-6	1-5	Not classified.	Not classified.	[2]
Zinc powder - zinc dust (stabilized)	EC: 231-175-3 CAS: 7440-66-6 Index: 030-001-01-9	0.25- 2.5	N; R50/53	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	[1]
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6	0.1-1	T; R23 Xn; R22 Xi; R41, R37 R43 N; R50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]
			See section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Powered by

Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

fighters

Special precautions for fire- : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. This material is very toxic to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Keep from freezing.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. **Industrial sector specific** : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
copper	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2012).		
	STEL: 2 mg/m³, (as Cu) 15 minute(s). Form: Dusts and Mists		
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hour(s). Form: Dusts and Mists		
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hour(s). Form: Fume		
triiron tetraoxide	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2012).		
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Fe) 15 minute(s). Form: Fume		
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Fe) 8 hour(s). Form: Fume		
Silicate, mica	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2012).		
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: Inhalable fraction		
	TWA: 0.8 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction		
propane-1,2-diol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2012).		
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: Particulate		
	TWA: 474 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). Form: Sum of vapour and particulates		
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: Sum of vapour and particulates		

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Derived effect levels

No DELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations

No PECs available.

Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]

Colour : Black./Brown.

Odour : Mild. (Acrylic. and Amine-like.)

Odour threshold : Not available. pН : 6.5 to 10.5 : <0°C **Melting point/freezing point** Initial boiling point and boiling : >100°C

range

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. **Burning time** : Not applicable. : Not applicable. **Burning rate** Upper/lower flammability or : Not available.

explosive limits

Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density : Not available.

Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

: 1.14 to 1.8 **Relative density**

Solubility(ies) Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

: Dynamic: 3000 to 5000 mPa·s **Viscosity**

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

Physical/chemical properties

comments

: VOC content: <0.83 lbs/gal (<100 g/l)

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

reactions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids, and

alkalis.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.68 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	1100 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitiser

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.



Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated:Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Eye contact: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

riot available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
iron	Acute EC50 3700 ug/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute LC50 33000 to 100000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.48 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Periophthalmus waltoni - Adult	96 hours
copper	Acute EC50 1100 ug/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute EC50 2.1 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <48 hours	48 hours
	Acute IC50 13 ug/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute IC50 5.4 mg/L Marine water	Aquatic plants - Plantae - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.072 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult - 9 mm	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.56 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Periophthalmus waltoni - Adult	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cambarus	21 days

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

		bartonii - Mature - 22.6 mm	
	Chronic NOEC 2 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus -	6 weeks
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling) - 8.3 g	
Zinc powder - zinc dust	Acute EC50 106 ug/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
(stabilized)	_	subcapitata - Exponential growth	
, ,		phase	
	Acute EC50 10000 ug/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute IC50 65 ug/L Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia closterium -	4 days
	<u> </u>	Exponential growth phase	
	Acute LC50 65 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
		dubia - Neonate	
	Acute LC50 68 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24	48 hours
		hours	
	Acute LC50 2.72 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
		Egg	
	Chronic NOEC 178 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemon	21 days
		elegans	
	Chronic NOEC 62.6 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24	21 days
		hours	
	Chronic NOEC 2.6 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - 13	4 weeks
		months - 10.5 cm - 27.8 g	
3-iodo-2-propynyl	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca -	48 hours
butylcarbamate		2 to 9 days	
	Acute LC50 40 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 67 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling) - 2.4 cm - 0.31 g	
	1	1	

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	2.81	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12 June 2012

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Powered by OTRION

Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Hazardous waste Packaging

Methods of disposal

- : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN/ADNR	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (iron, copper)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (iron, copper)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (iron, Copper). Marine pollutant (iron, Copper)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (iron, Copper)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.	Not available.
Additional information	Hazard identification number 90 Limited quantity LQ7 Special provisions 274 335 601	-	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F	Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 914 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions:



Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 14: Transport information

•		
Tunnel code E		914 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation:
		30 kg Packaging instructions: Y914

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

Other EU regulations

: Not determined. **Europe inventory**

Black List Chemicals : Not listed : Not listed **Priority List Chemicals Integrated pollution** : Listed

prevention and control list

(IPPC) - Air

Integrated pollution : Listed

prevention and control list

(IPPC) - Water

International regulations

Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

Chemical Weapons : Not listed

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule III

Chemicals

: Not listed

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

15.3 Registration status : Not applicable.

Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method
	<u> </u>

Full text of abbrevia	ted	Н
statements		

: H302 Harmful if swallowed. H317

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

: Acute Tox. 3, H331 ACUTE TOXICITY: INHALATION - Category 3 Acute Tox. 4. H302 ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4 AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 1 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Dam. 1, H318

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1, H317

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED **STOT RE 2, H373**

EXPOSURE) [gastrointestinal tract and liver] - Category 2

STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R phrases

: R23- Toxic by inhalation.

R22- Harmful if swallowed.

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R37- Irritating to respiratory system.

R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R50- Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]

: T - Toxic Xn - Harmful

Xi - Irritant

N - Dangerous for the environment

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 12 June 2012

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version

: 1

Notice to reader



Copper Paint Effect; Bronze Paint Effect; Iron Paint Effect

SECTION 16: Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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