Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

•TRUSTED QUALITY SINCE 1921• SAFETY DATA SHEET **JST-OLEUM**

Plastic Primer Aerosol

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

- : Plastic Primer Aerosol
- **Product description Product type**
- : Aerosol. Paint.
- : Aerosol.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Industrial use Professional use Consumer use				
None identified.		-		

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Rust-Oleum Corporation Portobello Industrial Estate Birtley County Durham United Kingdom DH3 2RE Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611 Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@ro-m.com responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +44 (0) 207 858 1228
Hours of operation	: 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
Precautionary statements	
General	 P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read label before use. P101 - If medical advice is needed: Have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	 P261 - Avoid breathing vapour or spray. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 - Wear protective gloves and eye protection: gloves neoprene or nitrile rubber safety glasses with side-shields. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	 P305 - IF IN EYES: P351 - Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. P338 - Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 - If eye irritation persists: P313 - Get medical attention.
Storage	 P405 - Store locked up. P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: acetone
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: Not applicable.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

1	Not applicable.
1	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances	: Mixture			1
			<u>Classification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
liquefied petroleum gas	EC: 270-704-2 CAS: 68476-85-7 Index: 649-202-00-6	≥25 - <50	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[2]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49	≥25 - <50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
	EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8		Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29	≥5 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1		STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35	≥5 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1]
	EC: 918-668-5 Index: 649-356-00-4		STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32	≥3 - <5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7		Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
trizinc bis (orthophosphate)	REACH #: 02-2119485044-40	≥0.3 - <1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]
	EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32	≥0.1 - <0.3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400	[1]
	EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures General : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the Eye contact evelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No

: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

_		-
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	ron	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.
Additional information	:	Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 10/01/2017 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 2 5/18

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form
	Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
	When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in a dry, cool and wellventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Named substances

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
LPG	50	200

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a: Flammable aerosols containing flammable gases or flammable liquids	150	500

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
liquefied petroleum gas	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 2180 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1750 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 3620 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring : If this produ	uct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace
	e or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness

atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral, Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	480 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	480 mg/m³	Workers	Local
te of issue/Date of revision : 10	0/01/2017	Date of previous issue	: No prev	ious validation V	ersion : 2

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	///// 010/P				
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	859.7 mg/	Consumers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		-
	DNEL	Long term	102.34 mg/	Consumers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		-	bw/day		-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		-	bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
		-	kg bw/day		
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		-	bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		-	bw/day		-
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
			-		

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Fresh water	48.1 µg/l	-
	Marine	14.2 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	550.2 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	263.9 mg/kg	-
	Soil	249.4 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	121.4 µg/l	-
	Plant		
zinc oxide	Fresh water	25.6 µg/l	-
	Marine	7.6 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	64.7 µg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	146 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	70.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	44.3 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

eatin Approved Wast safet Eye/face protection : Safet asse gase unles gogg Skin protection Hand protection There is no one glove material or of combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be great The instructions and information price replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regular Always ensure that gloves are free	h hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, befor ig, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. opriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing h contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and ty showers are close to the workstation location. ty eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, so or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, as the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash gles. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields (EN 166) combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or eater than the end use time of the product. rovided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and dy and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. a from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
asse gase unles gogg Skin protection There is no one glove material or of combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be gre The instructions and information pr replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regular Always ensure that gloves are free	 Sessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, is or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, as the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash gles. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields (EN 166) combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or eater than the end use time of the product. rovided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and thy and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
Hand protection There is no one glove material or of combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be great The instructions and information pro- replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regular Always ensure that gloves are free	eater than the end use time of the product. rovided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and ly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
There is no one glove material or c combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be gre The instructions and information pr replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regular Always ensure that gloves are free	eater than the end use time of the product. rovided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and ly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be gre The instructions and information pr replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regular Always ensure that gloves are free	eater than the end use time of the product. rovided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and ly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
The instructions and information pr replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regular Always ensure that gloves are free	rovided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and ly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
Always ensure that gloves are free	from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
THE DEHOLITIATION OF ETECTIVENESS.	of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor
maintenance.	t the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has
Gloves : For p	prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
Recc (0.5n	ommended: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): neoprene (0.65mm) - nitrile rubber nm).
produ	recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this uct is based on information from the following source: 174-3 : 2003
The opposite the product of the prod	user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this uct is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of as included in the user's risk assessment.
being befor wear disch Euro	onal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task g performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist re handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static harges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to pean Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design irements and test methods. Recommended: disposable overall (EN 1149-1).
selec	opriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be cted based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be oved by a specialist before handling this product.
stand be ba the s	a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved dard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection mus ased on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and afe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour e A) and particulate filter. (EN 140)
controls they	sions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur- comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some s, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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9.1 Information on basic physica	l a	nd chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Colour	:	Various
Odour	:	Solvent-like [Slight]
Odour threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	1	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -70°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: shocks and mechanical impacts. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	400 kPa [room temperature]
Vapour density	:	>1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	0.79 to 0.8
Solubility(ies)	:	Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Not available.
Explosive properties		Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Oxidising properties	1	Not available.
9.2 Other information		
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	3	Spray
Heat of combustion	3	10.63 kJ/g
No additional information.		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 10/01/2017	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 2	10/18
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal	conditions of storage a	and use, hazardous reacti	ions will not occ	ur.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under	recommended storage	and handling conditions ((see Section 7).	
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific te	st data related to reacti	vity available for this prod	luct or its ingred	ients.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If involved in a fire, toxic gases including CO, CO2 and smoke can be generated.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21 mg/l	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	9700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	LD50 Oral	Mouse	8400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Mouse	2500 mg/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15 g/kg	-

Acute toxicity

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

SECTION 11: Toxicol	ogical information	on						
Product/ingredient name	Result		Speci	es	Score	Exposure	0	bservation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant		Human		-	186300 part	s -	
	Eyes - Mild irritant		Rabbit			per million 10 microliter		
	Eyes - Moderate irritan	t	Rabbit		-	24 hours 20		
		·	Rabbit			milligrams		
	Eyes - Severe irritant		Rabbit		-	20 milligram	s -	
	Skin - Mild irritant		Rabbit		-	24 hours 50	0 - 0	
	Skin - Mild irritant		Rabbit			milligrams 395		
	Skill - Millu II fildrit		Rabbit		-	milligrams	-	
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritan	t	Rabbit		-	100	-	
						milligrams		
	Skin - Moderate irritant		Rabbit		-	24 hours 50	0 - 0	
	Skin - Primary dermal i	rritation	Rabbit		0	milligrams		
	index (PDII)	mation	Rabbit		0	-	-	
	Eyes - Cornea opacity		Rabbit		1	-	-	
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	Eyes - Mild irritant		Rabbit		-	24 hours 10	D - 0	
						microliters		
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	Eyes - Mild irritant		Rabbit Rabbit	· ·	-	87 milligram 24 hours 5	s -	
	Eyes - Severe irritant		Rabbit		-	milligrams	-	
	Skin - Mild irritant		Rat		-	8 hours 60	-	
						microliters		
	Skin - Moderate irritant		Rabbit		-	24 hours 50	0 - 0	
	Skin - Moderate irritant		Rabbit			milligrams 100 Percent		
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant		Rabbit		-	24 hours 50		
			1 (dbbit			milligrams		
	Skin - Mild irritant		Rabbit		-	24 hours 50	D - 0	
						milligrams		
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: Based on available of	lata, the	classificati	ion crite	eria are	not met.		
Eyes	: Causes serious eye	irritation.						
Respiratory	: May cause drowsine	ss or diz	ziness.					
Sensitisation	2							
Conclusion/Summary								
Skin	: Based on available of	lata the	classificati	ion crite	eria are	not met		
Respiratory	: Based on available of							
			classificati			not met.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	I							
Product/ingredient name	Test		Ехр	erimer	nt		Re	sult
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	OECD 471	Subje	ct: Bacteri	ia		Nega	tive	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available of	lata, the	classificati	ion crite	eria are	not met.		
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>								
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available of	lata the	classificati	ion crite	eria are	not met		
Reproductive toxicity			olabolitoati			not mot.		
				-		_		
Product/ingredient name	Maternal Fertility toxicity		opmental toxin		Specie	s Do	se	Exposure
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9		Nega	tive	Mamn unspe	nal - spe cified	ecies Unrep	orted	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available of	lata, the	classificati	ion crite	eria are	not met.		
Teratogenicity		,						
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available of	lata the	classificati	ion crite	eria are	not met		
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Defendent (Defendent sind								• · · · ·

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone n-butyl acetate hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	Category 3	Not applicable.	irritation and Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute LC50 8.64 to 8098 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.88 to 7280 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC10 956 mg/l	Bacteria - Pseudomonas putida	18 hours
	Acute EC50 648 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 5.7 mg/l	Daphnia spec ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 1.87 mg/l	Algae - selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate xylene (mixture of isomeres)	-	90 % - Readily - 28 days 90 % - Readily - 5 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: This product has not been tested for biodegradation. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			

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SECTION 12: Ecological information			
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
acetone n-butyl acetate hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9 xylene (mixture of isomeres)	- - -	- - - -	Readily Readily Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.27 to 0.58	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2,3	10	low
hydrocarbons, aromatic, C9	3.7 to 4.5	-	high
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	3,16	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Volatile. This product is likely to volatilise rapidly into the air because of its high vapour pressure.
12.5 Results of PBT and	vPvB assessment
PBT	: Not applicable.

PBT	: Not applicable.
	P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.
vPvB	: Not applicable.
	vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	:	Yes.
Disposal considerations	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances
Packaging	·

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

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Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS Flammable [Limited quantity]	AEROSOLS, flammable [Limited quantity]	AEROSOLS, Flammable [Limited quantity]	AEROSOLS, Flammable [Limited quantity]
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2	2	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity: LQ2 <u>Remarks:</u> (≤ 1L:) Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4 ADR Tunnel code: (D)		Emergency schedules (EmS): F-D + S-U Remarks: Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y 203

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and enviro	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907	<u>7/2006 (REACH)</u>
Annex XIV - List of substar	nces subject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
None of the components ar	e listed.
Substances of very high o	<u>concern</u>
None of the components ar	e listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Other EU regulations	
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not applicable.
Europe inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Air	: Listed
Aerosol dispensers	:
	3



Extremely flammable

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Named substances		
Name		
LPG		
Danger criteria		
Category		
P3a: Flammable aeros	ols containing flammable gases or flammable liquids	
National regulations		
Industrial use	The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.	
References	: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830	
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Conve	ntion List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol (Anne	<u>(es A, B, C, E)</u>	
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information						
Not listed.						
Stockholm Convention	on Persistent Organic Pollutants					
Not listed.						
Rotterdam Convention of	on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)					
Not listed.						
UNECE Aarhus Protocol	I on POPs and Heavy Metals					
Not listed.						
CN code : 3208 10	0 90					
International lists						
National inventory						
Australia	: Not determined.					
Canada	: Not determined.					
China	: Not determined.					
Japan	: Not determined.					
Malaysia	: Not determined.					
New Zealand	: Not determined.					
Philippines	: At least one component is not listed.					
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.					
Taiwan	: Not determined.					
United States	: Not determined.					
15.2 Chemical Safety	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.					

Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that	has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Key literature references	: - Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet.

and sources for data

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	Expert judgment
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Expert judgment
STOT SE 3, H336	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Expert judgment

Full text of H-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3

SECTION 16: Other information				
Full text of abbreviated H				
statements	H220Extremely flammable gas.H222, H229Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized contain may burst if heated.H225Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H220Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	ier:		
	H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H312 (dermal)Harmful in contact with skin.H315Causes skin irritation.			
	H319Causes serious eye irritation.H322 (inhalation)Harmful if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
	H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H400Very toxic to aquatic life.H410Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	or		
	H410Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Acute Tox. 4, H312ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4Acute Tox. 4, H332ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4Aerosol 1, H222, H229AEROSOLS - Category 1Aquatic Acute 1, H400ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1Aquatic Chronic 1, H410LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1Aquatic Chronic 2, H411LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2Aquatic Chronic 3, H412LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3Asp. Tox. 1, H304EUH066Eye Irrit. 2, H319SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1			
	Flam. Gas 1, H220FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1Flam. Liq. 2, H225FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2Flam. Liq. 3, H226FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3Skin Irrit. 2, H315SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2STOT RE 2, H373SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEAT EXPOSURE) - Category 2	TED		
	STOT SE 3, H335SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Catego SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLESTOT SE 3, H336SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE)	ry 3		
	EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3			
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Notice to reader

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.